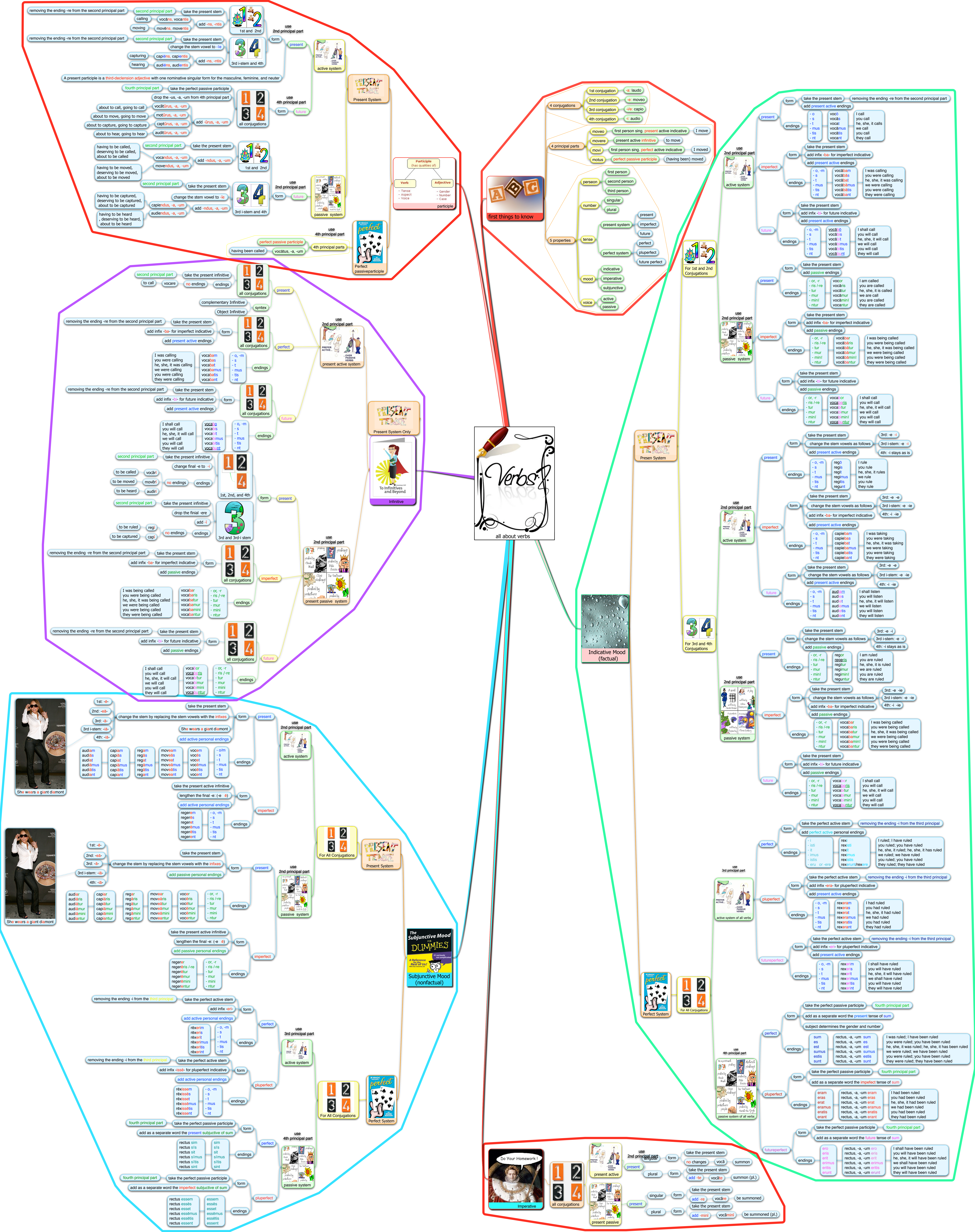

Verbs
all about verbs

first things to know

- 4 conjugations
  - 1st conjugation – -a: laudo
  - 2nd conjugation – -e: moveo
  - 3rd conjugation – -i/e: capio
  - 4th conjugation – -i: audio
- 4 principal parts
  - moveo – first person sing. present active indicative – I move
  - movere – present active infinitive – to move
  - movi – first person sing. perfect active indicative – I moved
  - motus – perfect passive participle – (having been) moved
- 5 properties
  - perseon: first person, second person, third person
  - number: singular, plural
  - tense
    - present system: present, imperfect, future
    - perfect system: perfect, pluperfect, future perfect
  - mood: indicative, imperative, subjunctive
  - voice: active, passive

participle

Participle (has qualities of)
- Verb: - Tense - Aspect - Voice
- Adjective: - Gender - Number - Case

PRESENT TENSE – Present System

- active system – use 2nd principal part – present – form
  - 1st and 2nd: second principal part – take the present stem – removing the ending -re from the second principal part; add -ns, -ntis
    - calling – vocāns, vocantis
    - moving – movēns, moventis
  - 3rd i-stem and 4th: second principal part – take the present stem – removing the ending -re from the second principal part; change the stem vowel to -īe; add -ns, -ntis
    - capturing – capiēns, capientis
    - hearing – audiēns, audientis
  - A present participle is a third-declension adjective with one nominative singular form for the masculine, feminine, and neuter
- active system – use 4th principal part – future – form – all conjugations
  - fourth principal part – take the perfect passive participle
  - drop the -us, -a, -um from 4th principal part
  - add -ūrus, -a, -um
    - about to call, going to call – vocātūrus, -a, -um
    - about to move, going to move – motūrus, -a, -um
    - about to capture, going to capture – captūrus, -a, -um
    - about to hear, going to hear – auditūrus, -a, -um
- passive system – use 2nd principal part – future – form
  - 1st and 2nd: second principal part – take the present stem; add -ndus, -a, -um
    - having to be called, deserving to be called, about to be called – vocandus, -a, -um
    - having to be moved, deserving to be moved, about to be moved – movendus, -a, -um
  - 3rd i-stem and 4th: second principal part – take the present stem; change the stem vowel to -īe; add -ndus, -a, -um
    - having to be captured, deserving to be captured, about to be captured – capiendus, -a, -um
    - having to be heard, deserving to be heard, about to be heard – audiendus, -a, -um

perfect – Perfect passiveparticiple

- use 4th principal part – 4th principal parts – perfect passive participle
  - having been called – vocātus, -a, -um

Infinitive

To Infinitives and Beyond

PRESENT TENSE – Present System Only

- present active system – use 2nd principal part
  - present – all conjugations
    - second principal part – take the present infinitive
    - endings – no endings – vocare – to call
    - syntex: complementary Infinitive; Object Infinitive
  - perfect – all conjugations – form
    - take the present stem – removing the ending -re from the second principal part
    - add infix -ba- for imperfect indicative
    - add present active endings
    - endings:

I was calling	vocabam	- o, -m
you were calling	vocabas	- s
he, she, it was calling	vocabat	- t
we were calling	vocabamus	- mus
you were calling	vocabatis	- tis
they were calling	vocabant	- nt

  - future – all conjugations – form
    - take the present stem – removing the ending -re from the second principal part
    - add infix -bi- for future indicative
    - add present active endings
    - endings:

I shall call	vocabo	- o, -m
you will call	vocabis	- s
he, she, it will call	vocabit	- t
we will call	vocabimus	- mus
you will call	vocabitis	- tis
they will call	vocabunt	- nt

- present passive system – use 2nd principal part
  - present – form
    - 1st, 2nd, and 4th: second principal part – take the present infinitive; change final -e to -i; endings – no endings
      - to be called – vocārī
      - to be moved – movērī
      - to be heard – audīrī
    - 3rd and 3rd-i stem: second principal part – take the present infinitive; drop the finial -ere; add -ī; endings – no endings
      - to be ruled – regī
      - to be captured – capī
  - imperfect – all conjugations – form
    - take the present stem – removing the ending -re from the second principal part
    - add infix -ba- for imperfect indicative
    - add passive endings
    - endings:

I was being called	vocabar	- or, -r
you were being called	vocabaris	- ris /-re
he, she, it was being called	vocabatur	- tur
we were being called	vocabamur	- mur
you were being called	vocabamini	- mini
they were being called	vocabantur	- ntur

  - future – all conjugations – form
    - take the present stem – removing the ending -re from the second principal part
    - add infix -bi- for future indicative
    - add passive endings
    - endings:

I shall call	vocabor	- or, -r
you will call	vocaberis	- ris /-re
he, she, it will call	vocabitur	- tur
we will call	vocabimur	- mur
you will call	vocabimini	- mini
they will call	vocabuntur	- ntur

Subjunctive Mood (nonfactual)

The Subjunctive Mood for Dummies

PRESENT TENSE – Present System – For All Conjugations

- active system – use 2nd principal part
  - present – form
    - take the present stem
    - change the stem by replacing the stem vowels with the infixes: 1st: -ē-; 2nd: -eā-; 3rd: -ā-; 3rd i-stem: -iā-; 4th: -iā-
    - She wears a giant diamont
    - add active personal endings
    - endings:

audiam	capiam	regam	moveam	vocem	- o/m
audiās	capiās	regās	moveās	vocēs	- s
audiat	capiat	regat	moveat	vocet	- t
audiāmus	capiāmus	regāmus	moveāmus	vocēmus	- mus
audiātis	capiātis	regātis	moveātis	vocētis	- tis
audiant	capiant	regant	moveant	vocent	- nt

She wears a giant diamont

  - imperfect – form
    - take the present active infinitive
    - lengthen the final -e: (-e ē)
    - add active personal endings
    - endings:

regerem	- o, -m
regerēs	- s
regeret	- t
regerēmus	- mus
regerētis	- tis
regerent	- nt

- passive system – use 2nd principal part
  - present – form
    - take the present stem
    - change the stem by replacing the stem vowels with the infixes: 1st: -ē-; 2nd: -eā-; 3rd: -ā-; 3rd i-stem: -iā-; 4th: -iā-
    - add passive personal endings
    - endings:

audiar	capiar	regar	movear	vocer	- or, -r
audiāris	capiāris	regāris	moveāris	vocēris	- ris /-re
audiātur	capiātur	regātur	moveātur	vocētur	- tur
audiāmur	capiāmur	regāmur	moveāmur	vocēmur	- mur
audiāmini	capiāmini	regāmini	moveāmini	vocēmini	- mini
audiantur	capiantur	regantur	moveantur	vocentur	- ntur

She wears a giant diamont

  - imperfect – form
    - take the present active infinitive
    - lengthen the final -e: (-e ē)
    - add passive personal endings
    - endings:

regerer	- or, -r
regerēris /-re	- ris /-re
regerētur	- tur
regerēmur	- mur
regerēmini	- mini
regerentur	- ntur

perfect – Perfect System – For All Conjugations

- active system – use 3rd principal part
  - perfect – form
    - take the perfect active stem – removing the ending -i from the third principal
    - add infix -eri-
    - add active personal endings
    - endings:

rēxerim	- o, -m
rēxeris	- s
rēxerit	- t
rēxerimus	- mus
rēxeritis	- tis
rēxerint	- nt

  - pluperfect – form
    - take the perfect active stem – removing the ending -i from the third principal
    - add infix -issē- for pluperfect indicative
    - add active personal endings
    - endings:

rēxissem	- o, -m
rēxissēs	- s
rēxisset	- t
rēxissēmus	- mus
rēxissētis	- tis
rēxissent	- nt

- passive system – use 4th principal part
  - perfect – form
    - take the perfect passive participle – fourth principal part
    - add as a separate word the present subjective of sum
    - endings:

rectus sim	sim
rectus sīs	sīs
rectus sit	sit
rectus sīmus	sīmus
rectus sītis	sītis
rectus sint	sint

  - pluperfect – form
    - take the perfect passive participle – fourth principal part
    - add as a separate word the imperfect subjective of sum
    - endings:

rectus essem	essem
rectus essēs	essēs
rectus esset	esset
rectus essēmus	essēmus
rectus essētis	essētis
rectus essent	essent

Indicative Mood (factual)

PRESENT TENSE – Presen System

For 1st and 2nd Conjugations

- active system – use 2nd principal part
  - present – form
    - take the present stem – removing the ending -re from the second principal part
    - add present active endings
    - endings:

- o	vocō	I call
- s	vocās	you call
- t	vocat	he, she, it calls
- mus	vocāmus	we call
- tis	vocātis	you call
- nt	vocant	they call

  - imperfect – form
    - take the present stem
    - add infix -ba- for imperfect indicative
    - add present active endings
    - endings:

- o, -m	vocābam	I was calling
- s	vocābās	you were calling
- t	vocābat	he, she, it was calling
- mus	vocābāmus	we were calling
- tis	vocābātis	you were calling
- nt	vocābant	they were calling

  - future – form
    - take the present stem
    - add infix -bi- for future indicative
    - add present active endings
    - endings:

- o, -m	vocābō	I shall call
- s	vocābis	you will call
- t	vocābit	he, she, it will call
- mus	vocābimus	we will call
- tis	vocābitis	you will call
- nt	vocābunt	they will call

- passive system – use 2nd principal part
  - present – form
    - take the present stem
    - add passive endings
    - endings:

- or, -r	vocor	I am called
- ris /-re	vocāris	you are called
- tur	vocātur	he, she, it is called
- mur	vocāmur	we are call
- minī	vocāminī	you are called
- ntur	vocantur	they are called

  - imperfect – form
    - take the present stem
    - add infix -ba- for imperfect indicative
    - add passive endings
    - endings:

- or, -r	vocābar	I was being called
- ris /-re	vocābāris	you were being called
- tur	vocābātur	he, she, it was being called
- mur	vocābāmur	we were being called
- minī	vocābāminī	you were being called
- ntur	vocābantur	they were being called

  - future – form
    - take the present stem
    - add infix -bi- for future indicative
    - add passive endings
    - endings:

- or, -r	vocabor	I shall call
- ris /-re	vocaberis	you will call
- tur	vocabitur	he, she, it will call
- mur	vocabimur	we will call
- minī	vocabiminī	you will call
- ntur	vocabuntur	they will call

For 3rd and 4th Conjugations

- active system – use 2nd principal part
  - present – form
    - take the present stem
    - change the stem vowels as follows: 3rd: -e -i; 3rd i-stem: -e -i; 4th: -i stays as is
    - add present active endings
    - endings:

- o, -m	regō	I rule
- s	regis	you rule
- t	regit	he, she, it rules
- mus	regimus	we rule
- tis	regitis	you rule
- nt	regunt	they rule

  - imperfect – form
    - take the present stem
    - change the stem vowels as follows: 3rd: -e -e; 3rd i-stem: -e -ie; 4th: -i -ie
    - add infix -ba- for imperfect indicative
    - add present active endings
    - endings:

- o, -m	capiebam	I was taking
- s	capiebas	you were taking
- t	capiebat	he, she, it was taking
- mus	capiebamus	we were taking
- tis	capiebatis	you were taking
- nt	capiebant	they were taking

  - future – form
    - take the present stem
    - change the stem vowels as follows: 3rd: -e -e; 3rd i-stem: -e -ie; 4th: -i -ie
    - add present active endings
    - endings:

- o, -m	audiam	I shall listen
- s	audies	you will listen
- t	audiet	he, she, it will listen
- mus	audiemus	we will listen
- tis	audietis	you will listen
- nt	audient	they will listen

- passive system – use 2nd principal part
  - present – form
    - take the present stem
    - change the stem vowels as follows: 3rd: -e -i; 3rd i-stem: -e -i; 4th: -i stays as is
    - add passive endings
    - endings:

- or, -r	regor	I am ruled
- ris /-re	regeris	you are ruled
- tur	regitur	he, she, it is ruled
- mur	regimur	we are ruled
- minī	regiminī	you are ruled
- ntur	reguntur	they are ruled

  - imperfect – form
    - take the present stem
    - change the stem vowels as follows: 3rd: -e -ie; 3rd i-stem: -e -ie; 4th: -i -ie
    - add infix -ba- for imperfect indicative
    - add passive endings
    - endings:

- or, -r	vocabar	I was being called
- ris /-re	vocabaris	you were being called
- tur	vocabatur	he, she, it was being called
- mur	vocabamur	we were being called
- minī	vocabaminī	you were being called
- ntur	vocabantur	they were being called

  - future – form
    - take the present stem
    - add infix -bi- for future indicative
    - add passive endings
    - endings:

- or, -r	vocabor	I shall call
- ris /-re	vocaberis	you will call
- tur	vocabitur	he, she, it will call
- mur	vocabimur	we will call
- minī	vocabiminī	you will call
- ntur	vocabuntur	they will call

perfect – Perfect System – For All Conjugations

- active system of all verbs – use 3rd principal part
  - perfect – form
    - take the perfect active stem – removing the ending -i from the third principal
    - add perfect active personal endings
    - endings:

- i	rexi	I ruled; I have ruled
- isti	rexisti	you ruled; you have ruled
- it	rexit	he, she, it ruled; he, she, it has ruled
- imus	reximus	we ruled; we have ruled
- istis	rexistis	you ruled; you have ruled
- eru or -ere	rexerunt/rexere	they ruled; they have ruled

  - pluperfect – form
    - take the perfect active stem – removing the ending -i from the third principal
    - add infix -era- for pluperfect indicative
    - add present active endings
    - endings:

- o, -m	rexeram	I had ruled
- s	rexeras	you had ruled
- t	rexerat	he, she, it had ruled
- mus	rexeramus	we had ruled
- tis	rexeratis	you had ruled
- nt	rexerant	they had ruled

  - futureperfect – form
    - take the perfect active stem – removing the ending -i from the third principal
    - add infix -eri- for pluperfect indicative
    - add present active endings
    - endings:

- o, -m	rexerim	I shall have ruled
- s	rexeris	you will have ruled
- t	rexerit	he, she, it will have ruled
- mus	rexerimus	we shall have ruled
- tis	rexeritis	you will have ruled
- nt	rexerint	they will have ruled

- passive system of all verbs – use 4th principal part
  - perfect – form
    - take the perfect passive participle – fourth principal part
    - add as a separate word the present tense of sum
    - subject determines the gender and number
    - endings:

sum	rectus, -a, -um sum	I was ruled; I have been ruled
es	rectus, -a, -um es	you were ruled; you have been ruled
est	rectus, -a, -um est	he, she, it was ruled; he, she, it has been ruled
sumus	rectus, -a, -um sumus	we were ruled; we have been ruled
estis	rectus, -a, -um estis	you were ruled; you have been ruled
sunt	rectus, -a, -um sunt	they were ruled; they have been ruled

  - pluperfect – form
    - take the perfect passive participle – fourth principal part
    - add as a separate word the impefect tense of sum
    - endings:

eram	rectus, -a, -um eram	I had been ruled
eras	rectus, -a, -um eras	you had been ruled
erat	rectus, -a, -um erat	he, she, it had been ruled
eramus	rectus, -a, -um eramus	we had been ruled
eratis	rectus, -a, -um eratis	you had been ruled
erant	rectus, -a, -um erant	they had been ruled

  - futureperfect – form
    - take the perfect passive participle – fourth principal part
    - add as a separate word the future tense of sum
    - endings:

ero	rectus, -a, -um ero	I shall have been ruled
eris	rectus, -a, -um eris	you will have been ruled
erit	rectus, -a, -um erit	he, she, it will have been ruled
erimus	rectus, -a, -um erimus	we shall have been ruled
eritis	rectus, -a, -um eritis	you will have been ruled
erunt	rectus, -a, -um erunt	they will have been ruled

Imperative

Do Your Homework !

- all conjugations – use 2nd principal part
  - present active – present
    - singular – form – take the present stem; no changes – vocā – summon
    - plural – form – take the present stem; add -te – vocāte – summon (pl.)
  - present passive – present
    - singular – form – take the present stem; add -re – vocāre – be summoned
    - plural – form – take the present stem; add -minī – vocāminī – be summoned (pl.)

PREFER ACTIVE... ...OVER PASSIVE VERBS
An impressionist painting painted by Claude Monet
Abstract paintings painted by Pablo Picasso
Cave paintings painted by prehistoric people
The Sunflower painted by Vincent van Gogh
A novel written by Charles Dickens
A play written by William Shakespeare
A paperback written by Stephen King
A screenplay written by Steven Spielberg
JB MAGIC PRESENTS perfect BY MARK MASON
Grammar Girl
It's seriously not complicated
A Reference for the Rest of Us!
1st 2nd 3rd 4th